

Council of the Cherokee Nation

Legislation Details (With Text)

File #:	LA-23-04	Version:	1	Name:	The Sovereign Immunity Act	
Туре:	Legislative Act			Status:	Passed	
File created:	5/17/2004			In control:	TRIBAL COUNCIL	
On agenda:	5/27/2004			Final action:	6/14/2004	
Enactment date:	6/14/2004			Enactment #:	LA-23-04	
Title:	ACT RELATING TO CHEROKEE NATION SOVEREIGN IMMUNITY AND DELEGATION OF AUTHORITY TO EXECUTE WAIVER FOR BUSINESS ACTIVITIES					
Sponsors:	Meredith Frailey					
Indexes:	Sovereign Immunity					
Code sections:	Title 73 - Sovereignty					
Attachments:	1. LA-23-04.pdf					
Date	Ver. Action By			Action		Result
An Act Legislative Act 23-04 ACT RELATING TO CHEROKEE NATION SOVEREIGN IMMUNITY AND DELEGATION OF AUTHORITY TO EXECUTE WAIVER FOR BUSINESS ACTIVITIES BE IT ENACTED BY THE CHEROKEE NATION: Section 1. Title and Codification Example: This act shall be known as the Sovereign Immunity Act and codified as (Title) (Section) of the Cherokee Nation Code Annotated.						
Section 2. To clarify Cherokee I transactions of Chero Section 3. None. Section 4. For purposes of this a) Act means b) Business E	bkee Nation-owned Legislative Definitions Title:	Business Enti History e Council as p isiness entity in	ities i		ief to waive sovereign immunity on a li ill the duties prescribed by the Cherok	

Section 6. Delegation Of Authority As To Business Entities.

The Principal Chief is authorized to execute a waiver of sovereign immunity and/or to agree not to raise the defense of sovereign immunity as to a Business Entity only as follows:

a) All waivers shall be in writing and signed by the Principal Chief and verified by the Secretary-Treasurer. A copy shall be filed and indexed in the Office of the Principal Chief and with the office of the Tribal Council. This signature authority shall not be delegated.

b) A waiver may be included in an agreement or contract containing other terms.
c) All waivers shall contain provisions limiting:

(1) Who may bring a claim: Only parties to a contract shall be eligible to bring a claim.

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(2) Type of claims allowed: Any waiver shall be limited to obligations or rights arising under a written contract or agreement in a breach of contract claim. (3) Types of relief or damages: The waiver shall be specifically limited to an award of actual or liquidated damages under the terms of the agreement. The waiver shall not allow recovery from the Business Entity for punitive or exemplary damages. Nor shall the waiver allow recovery from any elected officials, officers or employees of the Cherokee Nation for monetary damages, punitive or exemplary damages, court costs or attorney fees. (4) Choice of forum: Preference for jurisdiction of lawsuits pursuant to a waiver shall be filed, subject to a court asserting jurisdiction, first in Cherokee Nation courts, second in federal courts, third in state court. (5) Choice of law: Preference of applicable law shall be prioritized as follows: Nation law first, Federal law second, and State law third. (6) Duration of the waiver: Waivers shall be limited to the duration of the contract. Any waiver granted under this section shall not be canceled, terminated, or withdrawn except by agreement of the party d) entitled to the waiver. Delegation Of Authority As To Cherokee Nation. Section 7. In addition to all provisions in Section 6, any waiver of the sovereign immunity of the Cherokee Nation as a government shall be limited to: a) Actual damages resulting from legislative action which has a material adverse effect on an Business Entity's ability to perform obligations to a party to a contract under the contract. b) Any contractual obligation of an Business Entity in the event that the Nation terminates or dissolves the Business Entity or materially and unreasonably increases restrictions on the Business Entity's capacity to engage in its operations. c) Declaratory judgment interpreting the scope and validity of a waiver. Provisions as cumulative Section 8. The provisions of this act shall be cumulative to existing law. Section 9. Severability The provisions of this act are severable and if any part of provision hereof shall be held void the decision of the court so holding shall not affect or impair any of the remaining parts or provisions of this act. Section 10. Emergency declared It being immediately necessary for the welfare of the Cherokee Nation, the Council hereby declares that an emergency exists, by reason whereof this act shall take effect and be in full force after its passage and approval. Enacted by the Council of the Cherokee Nation on the 14th day of June, 2004. Joe Grayson, Jr., President Cherokee Nation Council ATTEST: Bill John Baker. Secretary Cherokee Nation Council Approved and signed by the Principal Chief this 17th day of JUNE, 2004. ATTEST: Chadwick Smith, Principal Chief Cherokee Nation ATTEST: Callie Catcher, Secretary/Treasurer Cherokee Nation YEAS AND NAYS AS RECORDED: Audra Smoke-Conner Melvina Shotpouch NAY YFA Bill John Baker Meredith A. Frailey YEA YEA John F. Keener Joe Crittenden YEA YEA Jackie Bob Martin YEA Cara Cowan YEA Phyllis Yargee **Buel Anglen** YEA YEA David W. Thornton, Sr. William G. Johnson YEA YEA Don Garvin YEA Charles "Chuck" Hoskin YEA Linda Hughes-O'Leary YEA

Cherokee Nation Act/Resolution Proposal Form ADMINISTRATIVE CLEARANCE Program/Project Manager: Signature/Initial Date Department Director: Signature/Initial Date Executive Director: Signature/Initial Date Controller: (if needed) Signature/Initial Date Government Resources: Administration Approval: LEGISLATIVE CLEARANCE: Legislative Aide: c Standing Committee & Date: * Chairperson: 1 Signature/Initial Date

Returned to Presenter: Date X Act SPONSOR: Meredith Frailey Resolution TITLE: Sovereign Immunity Act DEPARTMENT CONTACT: John P

DEPARTMENT CONTACT: John Parris RESOLUTION PRESENTER: Chad Smith

NARRATIVE: (See Attached Outline for Information If Outline is Required)

The Cherokee Nation has sovereign immunity, which means the Nation may not be sued in any court without a valid waiver. This immunity covers the government, agencies, and most wholly owned and/or controlled business entities. Currently, only the Nation as a body, acting through passage of a law pursuant to the Constitution, can waive sovereign immunity. The Nation enters into many business contracts with independent entities to provide necessary services. Many businesses trust the Nation and do not request a waiver of sovereign immunity. However some are unfamiliar with doing business with the Nation or as a matter of policy require a court enforceable dispute resolution capability and thus require a waiver before entering a contract. For instance, a corporation has a duty to its stockholders to only enter into court enforceable contracts. Sometimes a contract will be more favorable with a waiver than without.

This act clearly establishes the common law understanding of sovereign immunity and streamlines the ability to grant waivers to facilitate business transactions. Having an overall policy also facilitates long term planning.

The Act allows the Principal Chief to grant waivers in two areas. A waiver as to the Nation shall be only for damages related to legislative interference with the contract. This is the same protection granted in the Federal Constitution's contracts clause, Article I, Section 10 (1). A waiver limited to a business entity of the Nation would also be authorized, limited to the parameters described in section 6(3).