

## Council of the Cherokee Nation

## Legislation Details (With Text)

File #:	LA-26-04	Version: 1	Name:	Same Sex Marriage Act Repealed by AG opinion 2016-CNAG-01				
Туре:	Legislative Act	•	Status:	Repealed				
File created:	6/14/2004		In control:	Tribal Council				
On agenda:	N/A		Final action:	6/14/2004				
Enactment date:	6/14/2004		Enactment #	t: LA-26-04				
Title:	AN ACT AMENDING TITLE 43 OF THE CHEROKEE NATION MARRIAGE AND FAMILY ACT, PROVIDING FOR SEVERABILITY AND DECLARING EMERGENCY							
Sponsors:	Linda Hughes-O'Leary							
Indexes:	Marriage & Family							
Code sections:	Title 43 - Mariage and Family							
Attachments:	1. LA-26-04.pdf, 2. 2016-CNAG-01 Same Sex Marriage.pdf							
Date	Ver. Action By		А	Action Result				
This Act shall be title Annotated.	DECLARING EM the Cherokee National tle and Codification	IERGENCY on: n		ction Act of 2004" and codified as Title 43, of the Cherokee Code				
and define other crim Section 3. Le Title 43 of the Cherol Section 7 of the Chero Section 4. S	es of moral charac egislative History kee Nation Code A rokee Nation Cons ubstantive Provisio 9 of the Cherokee	cter. Innotated, Legisla ititution. ons Nation Code Ani	ature Act ;and Art	protect the traditional definition of Marriage in the Cherokee Nati ticle V, substantive language:				
Marriage, so far as it: capable in law of con 2: Who may be marri Every person who sh all cases where the p	s validity in law is o tracting, is essenti ed all have attained to erson is less than age shall be null a pendent.	concerned, is a ci ial. he age of eightee eighteen years o	n years shall be cap f age, the consent o	n one man and one woman, to which the consent of the parties, pable in law of contracting marriage, if otherwise competent. But i of the mother, father, or guardian of such minor shall be given; e parties have no parent or guardian then living, and at the time or				
No marriage shall be cousins whether of th \$ 4: Who may perform Marriages may be so with any religious soo	contracted whilst he half or of the wh m marriages lemnized by any o ciety, or by religiou	ole blood; nor be of the judges of th is leaders of the k	tween parties who a e courts of this Natio Keetoowah Society o	r wife living; nor between parties who are nearer of kin than first are insane or idiotic nor between parties of the same gender. on, or by any ordained minister of the Gospel in regular communio or the Four Mothers Society. Judges, ministers or religious leader ice and objection period will follow the application for the license.				

with any religious society, or by religious leaders of the Keetoowah Society or the Four Mothers Society. Judges, ministers or religious leaders shall obtain a license from the court clerk of the Nation. A thirty (30) day notice and objection period will follow the application for the license. If there are no objections, the license will be granted at the close of the period. If there are objections, the license will not be granted until the District Court of the Cherokee Nation has ruled on the validity of the objections. The court clerk may charge a reasonable fee for the license.

♦ 5: Form of marriage

No particular form of marriage shall be required in the solemnization of marriages, except that the parties shall solemnly declare in the presence of the judge, minister, or religious leader officiating, that they take each other as husband and wife.

♦6: Report

It shall be the duty of all persons who shall, within the Nation, join two citizens thereof in wedlock, or who shall so join a citizen thereof with a citizen of any other government, to report the same to the court clerk for registration, giving the full names of the contracting parties, their ages and previous places of residence on the certificate obtained by the contracting parties from the court clerk. The clerk shall at once make a record of the same, in a book to be kept for that purpose.

7: Violation of preceding section

Every person who shall, within the Nation, violate the provisions of this act by joining minors in the bonds of matrimony without the consent of the father, mother or guardian, except as hereinbefore expressly provided, shall be liable to a fine or to imprisonment at the discretion of the Court.

**%**8: Prohibited marriages declared void

All marriages which are herein prohibited on account of consanguinity between the parties, or on account of either of them having a former husband or wife then living, shall be absolutely void in this Nation, without any judgment of divorce or other legal proceeding. \$9: Common law marriage

The Cherokee Nation shall recognize that a "common law marriage" exists when parties, capable of entering into a marital relation, agree to become husband and wife without a formal ceremony, and thereafter publicly maintain such relation.

\$10: Adultery defined- Who may institute prosecution

Adultery is the unlawful voluntary sexual intercourse of a married person with one of the opposite sex; and when the crime is between persons, only one of whom is married both are guilty of adultery. Prosecution for adultery can be commenced and carried on against either of the parties to the crime only by his or her own husband or wife as the case may be, or by the husband or wife of the other party to the crime: Provided, that any person may make complaint when persons are living together in open and notorious adultery.

♦11: Punishment for adultery

Every person guilty of the crime of adultery shall be punished by imprisonment in the penitentiary not exceeding one (1) year or by fine not exceeding Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00), or both such fine and imprisonment.

♦12: Bigamy defined

Every person who having been married to another who remains living, marries any other person except in the cases specified in the next section is guilty of bigamy.

\$13: Exceptions to the rule of bigamy The last preceding section does not extend;

I. To any person whose husband or wife by a former marriage has been absent for five (5) successive years without being known to such person within that time to be living; nor,

2. To any person whose husband or wife by a former marriage as absented himself or herself from his wife or husband and has been continually remaining without the United States for a space of five (5) years together; nor,

3. To any person by reason of any former marriage which has been pronounced void, annulled or dissolved by the judgment of a competent court; nor,

4. To any person by reason of any former marriage with a husband or wife who has been sentenced to imprisonment for life.

14: Punishment of bigamy

Every person guilty of bigamy is punishable by imprisonment in the penitentiary not exceeding one (1) year.

Section 5. Provisions as cumulative

The provisions of this act shall be cumulative to existing law. Section 6. Severability

The provisions of this act are severable and if any part of provision hereof shall be held void the decision of the court so holding shall not affect or impair any of the remaining parts or provisions of this act.

Section 7. Emergency declared

It being immediately necessary for the welfare of the Cherokee Nation, the Council hereby declares that an emergency exists, by reason whereof this act shall take effect and be in full force after its passage and approval.

Enacted by the Council of the Cherokee Nation on the 14th day of June, 2004.

Joe Grayson, Jr. President Council of the Cherokee Nation

ATTEST: Bill John Baker, Secretary Council of the Cherokee Nation

Approved and signed by the Principal Chief this 18th day of JUNE, 2004.

Chadwick Smith, Principal Chief Cherokee Nation

ATTEST: Callie Catcher, Secretary/Treasurer Cherokee Nation

## YEAS AND NAYS AS RECORDED:

Bill John Baker YEA		Melvina Shotpouch		YEA				
Audra Smoke-Connor YE		Meredith Frailey	YEA					
S. Joe Crittenden	YEA	John F. Keener	YEA					
Jackie Bob Martin	YEA	Cara Cowan		YEA				
Phyllis Yargee YEA		Buel Anglen		YEA				
David W. Thornton, Sr	YEA	William G. "Bill" Johnson YEA						
Don Garvin		YEA Charles "Chuck" Hoskin		YEA				
Linda Hughes-O'Leary	YEA							